

L
O
G
I
N
•
S
T
B
L
•
G
R
E
PS • TOUGH

T
PR
•
W
R
I
T
E
C
A
T
•
Y
A
DC
C

CMP

A
K
E
•
S
E

ADB

F
I
N
DD
LN
I
A
T
Q
N

TM

UNIX† Reference Card



distributed by
Computing Information Service
BELL LABORATORIES
Murray Hill, N. J. 07974

compiled by
Lorinda Cherry

Second Edition

March, 1979

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1a. GENERAL UNIX COMMANDS

adb	general purpose debugger...5, 21
ar	archive & library maintainer...5
as	assembler...5
at	execute commands at designated time...5
awk	pattern scanning & processing language...5
bas	basic...5
basename	strip filename affixes...5
bc	arbitrary precision interactive language...5
calendar	reminder service...5
cat	concatenate & print...5
cb	C program beautifier...no arguments
cc	C compiler...5
cd	change working directory...5
chgrp	change group-id of files...6
chmod	change mode of files...5
chown	change owner of files...6
cmp	compare 2 files...6
col	filter reverse line feeds...6
comm	print lines common to 2 files...6
cp	copy...6
crypt	encode/decode...6
date	print or set date...6
dc	desk calculator...6
dd	convert & copy a file...6
deroff	remove text formatting commands...6
diff	differential file comparator...6
diff3	3-way differential file comparison...6
du	summarize disk usage...6
echo	echo arguments...7
ed	text editor...7, 20
egrep	full regular expression pattern search...8
enroll	enroll in secret mail...no arguments
eqn	typeset mathematics...7, 29
expr	evaluate arguments as expressions...7
f77	Fortran 77 compiler...7
factor	factor a number...7
false	truth value...no arguments
fgrep	search for a fixed pattern...8
file	determine file type...7
find	find files...7
graph	draw a graph...7
grep	search a file for a pattern...8
join	relational database operator...8
kill	terminate a process...8
ld	link editor...8
learn	computer aided instruction about UNIX...9
lex	lexical analysis generator...9
lint	C program verifier...9
ln	make a link to a file...9
login	sign on...9
look	find lines in a sorted file...9
lookbib	search bibliographic data base for references...11
lorder	find ordering relation for object library...9
ls	list contents of directory...9
m4	general purpose macro processor...9
mail	send mail to designated users...9
make	Maintain program groups...9
man	print section of UNIX manual...9
mesg	permit or deny messages...10
mkdir	make a directory...10
mv	move or rename a file...10
neqn	typeset mathematics on terminal (see eqn)...7, 29
newgrp	login to a new group...10

nice run a command at low priority...10
nm print name list...10
nohup run a command immune to hangups...10
nroff format text...10, 23
od dump a file...10
passwd change login password...11
pcc portable C compiler (same options as cc)...5
plot graphics filters...10
pr print file...10
prof display profile data...11
ps process status...11
ptx make permuted index...11
pwd print working directory name...no arguments
ratfor Ratfor compiler...11
refer find and format references in bibliographic data base...11
rev reverse each line of a file...11
rm remove files...11
rmdir remove directories...11
roff format text...11
sed stream editor...11
sh command interpreter...12, 19
size size of an object file...12
sleep suspend execution for an interval...12
sort sort or merge files...12
spell find spelling errors...12
spline interpolate smooth curve...12
split split a file into pieces...12
strip remove symbols and relocation bits...12
struct structure Fortran programs...12
stty set typewriter options...12
su substitute user id...13
sum sum a file...13
tabs set terminal tabs...13
tail print end of a file...13
tar tape archiver...13
tbl format tables for **nroff** or **troff**...13, 30
tc phototypesetter simulator...13
tee pipe fitting...13
test condition command...14
time time a command...14
tk paginator for Tektronix 4014...14
touch update date last modified of a file...14
tp manipulate DECtape and magtape...14
tr transliterate...14
troff format text for phototypesetter...14, 23
true truth value...no arguments
tsort topological sort...15
tty get typewriter name...no arguments
uniq report repeated lines in a file...15
units conversion program...no arguments
wait await completion of process...no arguments
wc word count...15
who who is on the system...15
write write to another user...15
xget receive secret mail...no arguments
xsend send secret mail...15
yacc yet another compiler-compiler...15

1b. UNIX COMMUNICATIONS

cu	call another system or terminal...15
uucp	UNIX to UNIX copy...15
uux	UNIX to UNIX command execution...15

1c. UNIX MAINTENANCE COMMANDS

ac	login accounting...16
accton	system accounting...16
arcv	convert archives to new format...16
ciri	clear i-node...16
dcheck	check file system directory consistency...16
df	report free disk space...16
dump	incremental file system dump...16
dumpdir	print file names on dump tape...16
icheck	check file system storage consistency...16
iostat	report i/o statistics...16
mkconf	generate configuration tables...no arguments
mkfs	construct a file system...16
mknod	build a special file...16
mount	mount a file system...16
ncheck	generate names from i-numbers...16
pstat	print system facts...16
quot	summarize file system ownership...17
restor	incremental file system restore...17
sa	system accounting...17
sync	update super block...no arguments
umount	dismount a file system...16
wall	write to all users...no arguments

2. COMMAND DETAILS

sh	command interpreter...19
ed	text editor commands...20
adb	debugger commands...21

3. DOCUMENT PREPARATION

troff, nroff	text formating commands...23
	escape sequences...25
	reserved registers...26
	special characters...27
-ms	macros...27
eqn	keywords...29
/usr/pub/eqnchar	symbols...29
tbl	options & formats...30
-mm	macros...30

4. C FUNCTIONS

C SYSTEM CALLS	...33
C STDIO ROUTINES	...34
C LIBRARY FUNCTIONS	...36

GENERAL COMMANDS

adb [−w] [*objfil* [*corfil*]] { −w = open *objfil* and *corfil* for both reading and writing; defaults: *a.out* core}

ar {
d
m
p
q
r
t
x } [*abciluv*] [*posname*] *afile* file ...

d = delete
m = move to end or *posname*
p = print
q = quickly (no checking)
r = replace
t = list
x = extract

a = after *posname*
b or i = before *posname*
c = suppress create message
l = local temp files
u = update
v = verbose

as [−] [−o *objfil*] *file* ...

− = make undefined symbols global
−o = use next argument as output; default: *a.out*

at *time* [*day*] [*file*]

time = hours [minutes] [*apnm*] (AM, PM, noon, midnight)
day = month day-no or day-of-week [*week*]
week = 7 days more

awk [−Fc] [−f *progfile*] [*prog*] [*file*] ...
−Fc = use *c* as field separator
−f = use next argument as *prog*

bas [*file*]

basename *string* [*suffix*]

bc [−l] [−c] [*file* ...]
−l = load the function library
−c = compile only

calendar [−] { − sends all users their calendar entries

cat [−u] *file* ... { −u causes output to be unbuffered

cc [−c] [−p] [−f] [−O] [−S] [−P] [−o *output*]
[−D*name*=*def*] [−U*name*] [−I*dir*] *file.c...* [−l] *ofile...*
−c = suppress loading
−p = profile
−f = floating-point interpreter
−O = optimize
−S = keep assembler code: output to *file.s*
−P = just preprocess: output to *file.i*
−o *output* = output to *output*: default: *a.out*
−D*name*=*def* = define preprocessor variable
−D*name* = *name* is set to 1
−U*name* = undefine *name*
−I*dir* = after home, look in *dir* for include files
−l = loader options

cd *directory*

chgrp *group* *file* ...

chmod *mode* *file* ... { *mode* may be symbolic (ugoat){+−=}{rwxst}
where a = ugo, s = set id and t = sticky
or *mode* may be the octal OR of the following:
4000 set user id on execution

echo [−n] [args] { −n adds no newline to output}

ed [−] [−x] [name]

- − = no character count on e, r, w commands
- −x = file is encrypted

eqn [−dxy] [−fn] [−pn] [−sn] [file] ...

- −dxy = use x and y as delimiters
- −fn = use n as font
- −pn = use ±n for subscript point size changes; default: 3
- −sn = use n as point size

expr arg ...

f77 [−c] [−p] [−O] [−S] [−f] [−o output] [−onetrip] [−u] [−C] [−w] [−F] [−m] [−Ex] [−Rx] file.f... [−l] ofile ...

- −c = suppress loading; output in file.o
- −p = profile
- −O = optimize
- −S = compile only; output to file.s
- −f = floating point interpreter
- −o output = output to output; default: a.out
- −onetrip = compile onetime loops
- −u = default variable type undefined
- −C = subscript checking
- −w = no warning messages
- −w66 = no Fortran 66 warning messages
- −F = run only EFL and Ratfor preprocessors
- −m = run M4 preprocessor before EFL or Ratfor
- −Ex = use x as EFL option
- −Rx = use x as Ratfor option
- −l = loader options

factor [number]

file file ...

find pathname expression

expression is made of the following primitives.

n is integer, +n means more than n

−n means less than n

- −name filename true if filename matches current file
- −perm onum true if permission flags = onum (octal)
- −type c true if file type is b,c,d,f
- −links n true if file has n links
- −user uname true if file belongs to uname
- −group gname true if file belongs to gname
- −size n true if file is n blocks long
- −inum n true if file has inode n
- −atime n true if file has been accessed in n days
- −mtime n true if file has been modified in n days
- −exec command true if exit status of command is 0
- −ok command like −exec but asks
- −print true; prints current pathname
- −newer file true if file was modified before file

combined with the following operators:

- ! prefix not
- −a infix and
- −o infix or
- () parentheses for grouping; must be escaped with \

graph [−a] [−b] [−c c] [−g n] [−l lab] [−m n]

[−h f] [−w f] [−r f] [−u f] [−s] [−t]

[−x[l] low [upper [sp]]] [−y[l] low [upper [sp]]]

- −a = automatic abscissas
- −b = disconnect after each label
- −c c = use c as label for each point
- −g n = n is grid type; 0 (no grid), 1(frame+ticks), 2(full)

-l *lab* = label graph with *lab*
 -m *n* = mode; 0(disconnected), 1(connected); default: 1
 -s = save screen; don't erase before plotting
 -h *f* = *f* is fraction of space for height
 -w *f* = *f* is fraction of space for width
 -r *f* = *f* is fraction of space to move right before plotting
 -u *f* = *f* is fraction of space to move up before plotting
 -t = transpose horizontal and vertical axes
 -x[1] = next 3 arguments are lower, upper, & spacing limits
 for x; 1 for logarithmic x axis
 -y[1] = next 3 arguments are lower, upper, & spacing limits
 for y; 1 for logarithmic y axis

rep [−v] [−b] [−c] [−n] [−l] [−s] [−h] [−y] [−e *expr*] *expr* [*file*]
egrep [*grep-option*] [−f *file*] [*expr*] [*file*] ...
fgrep [*grep-option*] [−x] [−f *file*] [*strings*] [*file*]
 −v = print all but those that match
 −b = print block numbers
 −c = print count of matching lines
 −n = print line number
 −l = list files with matching lines
 −s = just return status
 −h = no filename headers on output lines
 −y = fold lower and upper case (**grep**)
 −x = output only lines matching totally (**fgrep**)
 −e *expr* = use *expr* for matching
 −f *file* = use *file* for matching (**egrep,fgrep**)

oin [−an] [−e *s*] [−jn *m*] [−j *m*] [−o *m.n...*] [−tc] *file1* *file2*
 −an = output unpaired lines in file *n* also
 −e *s* = use string *s* for white space
 −jn *m* = join on *m*th field of file *n*
 −j *m* = join on *m*th field
 −o *n.m...* = output *m*th field of *n*th file ...
 −tc = use *c* as input separator

kill [−*signo*] *processid* ... {*signo* is sent with the following meanings:
 (name following description is in #include <signal.h>)}
 1 = hangup (SIGHUP)
 2 = interrupt (SIGINT)
 3 = quit (SIGQUIT)
 4 = illegal instruction (SIGILL)
 5 = trace trap (SIGTRAP)
 6 = IOT (SIGIOT)
 7 = EMT (SIGEMT)
 8 = floating exception (SIGFPE)
 9 = kill (SIGKILL)
 10 = bus error (SIGBUS)
 11 = segment violation (SIGSEGV)
 12 = bad system call (SIGSYS)
 13 = write on pipe with no one to read (SIGPIPE)
 14 = alarm clock (SIGALRM)
 15 = software terminate (SIGTERM) (default)
 16 = unassigned

ld [−sulxXrdnioeOD] *name* ...
 s = strip
 u = make following argument undefined
 lx = load library /lib/lib*x.a*; *x* is a string
 x = do not save local symbols
 X = used by cc
 r = generate relocation bits
 d = define common storage
 n = share text
 i = separate instruction and data space
 o = use next argument as output not a.out

e = use next argument as entry point; default: 0
O = overlay file
D = use next argument as data segment size

learn [**-directory**] [**subject** [**lesson** [**speed**]]]

lex [**-fntv**] [**file**]

-f = fast; no packing; only for small programs
-n = no summary statistics; default
-t = output to **stdout** not **lex.yy.c**
-v = generate summary statistics

lint [**-abchnpuvx**] **file** ...

a = report longs assigned to int variables
b = report **break** statements not reached
c = report unportable casts
h = use heuristic tests
n = don't check for standard library
p = check portability to IBM and GCOS C
u = don't report on defined and unused variables
v = don't report on unused arguments in functions
x = report externally declared variables not used

ln **oldname** [**newname**] {**newname** is the name of the link}

login [**username**]

look [**-df**] **string** [**file**]

d = dictionary order
f = fold upper case letters to lower case
default input: /usr/dict/words folded

lorder **file** ...

ls [**-ltasdrucifg**] **name** ...

I = long format
t = sort by time modified
a = list all entries
s = give size in blocks
d = list only directory names
r = list in reverse order
u = sort on last access time
c = sort on last inode change
i = print i-number
f = interpret all entries as directories
g = give group ID instead of owner ID

m4 [**file**]

mail **person** ...

mail [**-p**] [**-r**] [**-f** **file**]

-r = first-in, first-out order
-p = don't ask questions
-f **file** = use **file** as mail file

make [**-f** **makefile**] [**-ikntrs**] **file** ...

i = ignore returning status
k = on bad status, continue unrelated entries
n = trace and print, don't execute
t = touch
r = no suffix list
s = work silently

man [**-tnkew**] [**chapter**] **title** ...

t = phototypeset
n = output to **stdout** (default)
k = output to Tektronix 4014
e = run **eqn**; append or prefix **e** with above

w = print only path names

mesg [ny]

n = forbid messages

y = allow messages

no argument; report current permission

mkdir dirname ...

mv oldname newname

mv file ... directory

newgrp group

nice [-number] command [arguments]

{number} is a priority from 1 to 20, lowest 20; default: 10.

nm [-gnoprui] [file]

g = print only global symbols

n = sort by value instead of by name

o = output file name on each line

p = do not sort

r = sort in reverse order

u = print only undefined symbols

nohup command [arguments]

nroff [-ol] [-nn] [-ran] [-mname] [-sn] [-h] [-i] [-q]

[-T name] [-e] file ...

-ol = list of pages to output, separated by , or -(range)

-nn = number first generated page n

-ran = set number register a to the value n

-mname = prepend macro file /usr/lib/tmac/tmac.name

-sn = stop after n pages; default: 1

-h = replace spaces with tabs

-i = read stdin after files

-q = for insertions, send bell not name, do not echo

-Tname = output for terminal name

37 tn300 300s 300 450

-e = equally-spaced words in adjusted lines

od [-bcdox] [file] [+ offset [.] [b]]

b = bytes in octal

c = bytes in ascii

d = words in decimal

o = words in octal

x = words in hex

offset = where to begin (octal; . for decimal; b for blocks)

passwd [name]

plot [-T term [raster]]

term = 4014 450 300 300S ver

pr [-n] [+n] [-h hdr] [-wn] [-ln] [-t] [-sc] [-m] name ...

-n = n-column output

+n = begin with page n

-h = use next argument as header

-wn = use page width n; default: 72

-ln = use page length n; default: 66

-t = do not print header or trailer
-sc = separate columns by the character *c*
-m = print each file in a separate column

prof [**-v**] [**-a**] [**-l**] [**-low** [**-high**]] [*file*]

-v = output only graphic profile
-a = report all symbols, not just externals
-l = order output by symbol value
low, high = percentages for plotting; default: 0,100

ps [**aklx**] [*namelist*]

a = give all processes with typewriters
k = system debugging
l = output long listing
x = give all processes

ptx [**-f**] [**-w n**] [**-g n**] [**-o only**] [**-i ignore**] [**-b break**] [**-r**]
[**-t**] [*input* [*output*]]

-f = fold upper and lower case
-w n = set line width to *n*; default: 72
-g n = set column gap to *n*; default: 3
-o only = use only keywords from *only*
-i ignore = don't use keywords from *ignore*
-b break = use characters in *break* to separate words
-r = use 1st word as reference; use as 5th field
-t = phototypeset

ratfor [**-C**] [**-h**] [**-6x**] [*file*] ...

-C = copy comments
-h = convert quoted strings to H convention
-6x = use *x* as continuation character

refer [**-ar**] [**-b**] [**-cs**] [**-e**] [**-kx**] [**-lm,n**] [**-pf**] [**-n**] [**-ske**]
lookbib [*file*] ...

-ar = reverse the first *r* author names
-a = reverse all author names
-b = omit all flags
-cs = capitalize fields in *s*
-e = accumulate references
-kx = labels specified with *x*
-lm,n = label with *m* name letters and *n* year digits
-pf = use file *f* as references
-n = don't search default file
-skeys = sort on *keys*

rev [*file* ...]

rm [**-fir**] *file* ...

-f = do not ask about mode
-i = interactive
-r = remove directory contents recursively

rmdir *dir* ...

roff [**+n**] [**-n**] [**-s**] [**-h**] *file* ...

+n = start with page *n*
-n = stop after page *n*
-s = pause before each page
-h = use tabs for spaces

sed [**-n**] [**-f commandfile**] [**-e script**] [*file*] ...

-n = only output lines operated on by p command
-f = next argument is command file
-e = next argument is editor command

sh [-ceiknrstuvwxyz] [arg] ...

c = use next argument as command
e = if non interactive, exit on bad status
i = interactive
k = keywords
n = don't execute, just read commands
r = restricted environment
s = read from **stdin**
t = exit after 1 command
u = treat unset variables as error
v = print input as it's read
x = print on execution

size [object ...]**sleep seconds****sort [-cmubdfiurtxl [+m.n [-m.n]] ... [-o name] [-T dir] [file]**

c = just check order, don't sort
m = merge only, files should be sorted
u = output only 1 copy of equal lines
b = ignore leading blanks
d = dictionary order
f = fold upper case to lower case
i = ignore characters outside 040-0176
n = sort initial string by arithmetic value
r = reverse sort
tx = tab character is *x*
+m.n = skip *m* fields and *n* characters
-m.n = end of key (used with **+m.n**)
-o name = output to *file*
-T dir = use *dir* for temporaries

spell [-b] [-v] [-x] [file ...]

b = British
v = output derived words from list
x = print stems

spline [-a] [-k] [-n] [-p] [-x]

-a = automatic abscissas: next argument is spacing
-k = next argument is used to compute boundary value
-n = next argument is number of intervals between limits
-p = make output periodic
-x = next 1 or 2 arguments are lower and upper x limits

split [-n] [file [name] ...] {n lines per file; default: 1000}**strip name ...****struct [-s] [-i] [-a] [-bl] [-n] [-en] [file]**

-s = input in standard format
-i = don't make computed goto's switches
-a = turn else if sequences into switch
-b = generate goto's, not breaks
-n = generate goto's, not nexts
-en = loop control parameter

stty option ... {options, preceded by - to indicate negation are:

even	allow even parity
odd	allow odd parity
raw	raw mode input
cbreak	pass characters on as received
nl	accept only new-line to end lines
echo	echo back every character typed
lcase	map upper case to lower case
tabs	preserve tabs

ek reset erase and kill to # and @
erase c set! erase character to c
kill c set kill character to c
hup hang up on last close
0 hang up immediately
crn set delay for carriage return $n=(0,1,2,3)$
nln set delay for linefeed $n=(0,1,2,3)$
tabn set delay for tab $n=(0,1,2,3)$
ffn set delay for formfeed $n=(0,1)$
tty33 modes for Teletype model 33
tty37 modes for Teletype model 37
vt05 modes for DEC VT05
tn300 modes for GE TermiNet 300
ti700 modes for Texas Instruments 700
tek modes for Tektronix 4014
50 75 110 134 150 200 300 600 1200 1800 2400
4800 9600 exta extb set baud rate

su [userid]

sum file ...

tabs [-n] [terminal]

-n = don't indent left margin
terminal =

1620[-12]
300[s][-12]
33, 37, 40-2, 43
450[-12][-8]
735, 745
dumb
hp
4014
tn1200, tn300
vt05

tail [± number [lbc]] [file] || *number* = lines, blocks, characters from beginning (+) or end (-)

tar [key] [name ...] || *key* is a string containing at most one function and optionally several modifiers. functions are:

r = write files on end of tape
x = extract from tape
t = list
u = update
c = create new tape (implies r)

modifiers are:

0,...,7 = tape drive
v = verbose
w = wait for user response
f = use next argument as tape
b = use next argument as blocking factor
l = complain on unresolved links

tbl [file ...]

tc [-t] [-sn] [-pl] [file]

-t = don't wait between pages

-sn = skip the first *n* pages

-pl = set page length to / [picP]

(points, inches, centimeters, Picas); default: P

tee [-i] [-a] [file] ...

-i = ignore interrupts

-a = append don't overwrite

test *expr* {*expr* is made of the following primitives:
 -r *file* = true if *file* is readable
 -w *file* = true if *file* is writable
 -f *file* = true if *file* is not a directory
 -d *file* = true if *file* is a directory
 -s *file* = true if *file* longer than 0
 -t [*fildes*] = true if *fildes* is a terminal; default: 1
 -z *s1* = true if length of *s1* = 0
 -n *s1* = true if length of *s1* not 0
s1 = *s2* = true if *s1* = *s2*
s1 != *s2* = true if *s1* != *s2*
s1 = true if *s1* not null
n1 op n2 = algebraic comparison of integers
op = -eq, -ne, -gt, -ge, -lt, -le
 combined with the following operators:
 ! = unary negation
 -a = binary and
 -o = binary or
 (*expr*) = parentheses for grouping}

time *command* [*arguments*]

tk [-t] [-n] [-pl] [*file*]
 -t = don't wait between pages
 -n = *n* column output
 -pl = set page length to *l*

touch [-c] *file* ... { -c = create *file*

tp [*key*] [*name* ...] {*key* is a character string containing at most one function and possibly several modifiers.
 functions are:

r = replace
 u = update
 d = delete
 x = extract
 l = list

and modifiers are:

m = magtape
 0,...,7 = tape drive
 v = verbose
 c = create new tape
 f = use first file in place of tape
 i = ignore errors
 w = wait for user response

tr [-cds] [*string1*] [*string2*]

c = complement characters in *string1*
 d = delete all characters in *string1*
 s = make repeated characters in *string2* one character

troff [-o /] [-sn] [-nn] [-ran] [-mx] [-t] [-f] [-w] [-a]
 [-i] [-q] [-b] [-pn] [-g] *file* ...
 -o / = list of pages to output, separated by , or -(range)
 -sn = stop after every *n* pages
 -nn = number first generated page *n*
 -ran = set number register *a* to the value *n*
 -mx = prepend file /usr/lib/tmac/tmac.x
 -t = output to standard output
 -f = do not feed paper or stop phototypesetter at end
 -w = wait until phototypesetter available
 -a = send printable approximation to standard output
 -i = read *stdin* after files
 -q = do rd in simultaneous input-output mode
 -b = just report if phototypesetter busy

-pn = print all characters in size *n*
-g = output for GCOS

tsort [file]

uniq [-udc] [+n] [-n] [input [output]]

u = output lines not repeated
d = output one copy of repeated lines
c = output count with each line
+n = skip first *n* fields in each line
-n = skip first *n* characters in each line

wc [-lwc] [name ...] { **-lwc** = just count lines, words or chars}

who [who-file] [am i]

no arguments tells who is on
1 argument is file to be examined
2 arguments tells who you are

write user [ttynum]

xsend person

yacc [-vd] [grammar]

v = make file *y.output*
d = make file *y.tab.h* for *define* statements

COMMUNICATIONS COMMANDS

cu telno [-t] [-s speed] [-a acu] [-l line]

in *telno* use - for delays
-t = to dial a terminal
-s = *speed* = 110 134 150 300 1200; default 300
-a = *acu* = acu pathname; default /dev/cua0
-l = *line* = line name; default /dev/cu10

The following are interpreted by the *send* process:
- terminate connection

-EOT terminate connection
<*file* send contents of *file* as though typed
! run shell on local system
!cmd ... run *cmd* on local system
\$cmd ... run *cmd* on local system and send output
%take from [*to*] copy file from remote to local
%put from [*to*] copy file from local to remote
... send line - ...

The *receive* process recognizes output diversions:

'>[>][:]*file*
lines
'>

where *file* is created or appended to '>>'
on the local system; : for silent

uucp [-d] [-c] [-m] source-file ... destination-file

-d = make necessary directories
-c = don't spool; copy from source
-m = send mail when done

file names may be *pathname* or *system-name!pathname*
pathname is either a full pathname,

'*user pathname*, or anything else (current
directory is prefixed automatically)

uulog [-s sys] [-u user]

-s sys = report only about *sys*
-u user = report only about *user*

uux [-] command { - makes stdin for *command* same as
stdin for **uux**

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE COMMANDS

ac [-w wtemp] [-p] [-d] [people] ...

-w wtemp = use alternate *wtemp* file

-p = print individual totals

-d = print by day (midnight to midnight)

people = only those login names specified

/etc/accton [file]

arcv file ...

ciri filesys i-number ...

dcheck [-i numbers] [filesys] { -i report on specified i-numbers

df [filesys] ... { no argument, report on all normally mounted systems

dump [key [arg] ... filesys] key is chosen from:

f = place dump on next argument

u = if successful, write date on /etc/ddate; default

0-9 = dump level; default 9

s = size of dump tape; default 2300ft

d = tape density; default 1600

dumpdir [f filename] { f causes dump to go to *filename*

icheck [-s] [-b numbers] [filesys]

-s = reconstruct new free list

-b = report on specified block numbers

iostat [-tisb] [interval [count]]

-t = report characters/second

-i = report percentages

-s = report raw timing info

-b = report i/o buffer usage

/etc/mkfs special-file proto

/etc/mknod name [bc] major minor

b = block-type device (disk, tape)

c = character-type device

/etc/mount [device directory [-r]] { -r = read-only

/etc/umount device

ncheck [-i numbers] [-a] [-s] [filesys]

-i = report only on specified i-numbers

-a = also report names beginning with . and ..

-s = only report special files

pstat [-aixptuf] [suboptions] [file]

-a = report on all process slots

-i = report inode table

-x = report text table

-p = report active processes

-t = report on terminals

-u addr = report on user process at *addr*

-f = report on open files

quot [-n] [-c] [-f] {*filesystem* }

 -n = list all files and their owners

 -c = list files by size

 -f = list space and number of files for each user

restor *key* [*argument*] ...

 | *key* is one of following with optional f:

 f = use first argument as tape

 r = tape is loaded into file system *argument*

 R = asks which tape to start on - allows restart

 x = extract named files

 t = print date of dump

sa [-abcjlnrstuv] [*file*]

 a = report commands used once as other

 b = sort by (user time + system time)/number of calls

 c = print percentages

 j = print seconds/call

 l = separate system and user time

 m = print processes and CPU minutes for each user

 n = sort by number of calls

 r = sort in reverse order

 s = merge results into /usr/adm/savacct

 t = report (realtime)/(user+system) for each command

 u = print user ID and command name

 vn = print commands used *n* times or less

Special Characters

	pipeline
;	sequential command separator
&	return without waiting for command to finish
&&	only execute command following if previous command returned 0 value
	only execute command following if previous command returned non-zero value
'...'	take enclosed characters literally
"..."	literal except for parameter substitution
\	negates special meaning of following character

Input-Output

[d]<	use next argument as standard input with file descriptor d; default 0
[d]>	use next argument as standard output with file descriptor d; default 1
[d]>>	same as > but append to file if it exists
[d]<<	use as standard input shell input up to a line that matches the next argument
[d]<& digit	duplicate standard input from digit
[d]<&-	close standard input
[d]<>	open next argument for reading & writing

File Name Generation

?	match single character
*	match string of characters (including null)
[..]	match a class of characters
a pair of characters separated by a -	matches all characters lexically between the pair

Parameter Substitution

\$n	replace \$n with argument n
\$*	"\$1 \$2 ..."
\$@	"\$1" "\$2" ...
\$#	number of positional parameters
\$-	options supplied on invocation or by set
\$?	value returned by last command
\$S	process number of this shell
\$!	process number of last background command
name= value	set variable
\$[parm= word]	use parm if set; otherwise word
\$[parm= word]	if parm not set, set it to word and use it
\$[parm? word]	use parm if set; otherwise print word and exit
\$[parm+ word]	use word if parm is set; otherwise nothing
\$HOME	default argument for cd
\$PATH	search path for commands
\$MAIL	mail file
\$PS1	primary prompt string, default \$
\$PS2	secondary prompt string, default >
\$IFS	field separators; default blank, tab, newline
\$TERM	terminal type (see command tabs)

Command Language

```

for name [ in word ...] do list done
case word in [ pat1 | [ pat2 ] ... ) list ;; ] esac
if list then list [ elif list then list ] [ else list ] fi
while list [ do list ] done
until list [ do list ] done
( list )
{ list }

```

break [n]	exit from for or while <i>n</i> levels
continue [n]	do next iteration of <i>n</i> th for or while
exit [n]	exit with return value <i>n</i>
:	no-op command but may contain text

Special Commands

. file	read and execute commands from <i>file</i>
eval [arg ...]	<i>arg</i> ... is read and executed
exec [arg ...]	execute <i>arg</i> ...
export [name ...]	export <i>name</i> to environment of commands
read name ...	read stdin and assign to <i>name</i> ...
readonly [name ...]	mark <i>name</i> read-only
set [-eknptuvx [arg ...]]	see sh command for flags
shift	rename positional parameters: \$1=\$2 ...
times	print accumulated process times
trap [arg] [n]	execute <i>arg</i> if signal <i>n</i> is received
umask [nnn]	file creation mask is complement of octal <i>nnn</i>
wait [pid]	wait for process <i>pid</i>

ED

Regular Expressions

c	the character <i>c</i>
\c	the character <i>c</i>
[str]	any character except <nl>
[^str]	only those characters in <i>str</i> .
a—b	all characters from ascii <i>a</i> to <i>b</i>
re*	any character except those in <i>str</i> and <nl>
\(re \)	all adjacent occurrences of <i>re</i>
\n	<i>n</i> th <i>re</i> enclosed in \(\)
\$	beginning of line
string of re's	end of line
null-re	last <i>re</i> encountered

Addresses

:	current line
\$	last line
n	<i>n</i> -th line
'x	line marked with name <i>x</i>
/re /	first line searching forward containing <i>re</i>
?re ?	first line searching backward containing <i>re</i>
addr ± n	<i>addr</i> ± (or —) <i>n</i>
± [n]	. ± (or —) <i>n</i> ; default 1
addr ±	<i>addr</i> ± (or —) 1

Commands

(.)a	append
(. .)c	change
(. .)d	delete
e [filename]	edit
E [filename]	edit; no diagnostics
f [filename]	remembered name
(1 , \$)g/re /commands	global
(.)i	insert
(. . +1)j	join
(.)kx	mark (addressed by 'x')
(. .)l	list
(. .)ma	move (after <i>a</i>)
(. .)p	print

q	quit
Q	quit; no diagnostics
(S)r[filename]	read
(. . .)s/re /repl /	substitute; & in repl is re
(. . .)s/re /repl /g	substitute globally
(. . .)ta	move copy (after a)
(. . .)u	undo previous substitution
(. . .)v/re /commands	like global but lines that don't match
(. \$)w [filename]	write
(. \$)W [filename]	append to file
x	encrypt
(\$)=	line number
!UNIX command	execute
(.+)	newline print one line

ADB

General Command Format

[addr] [, count] {command} [:]

Commands

?{format}	print from objfil
/ {format}	print from corfil
= {format}	print address
newline	repeat last command
[?]\l value mask	mask words until value is found (L used for 4 bytes)
[?]\w value ...	write 2 byte value at addr (W writes 4 bytes)
[?]\m bI eI fI [?]	modify map
> name	assign dot to adb name
!	escape to system
\$<file	read commands from file
\$>file	output to file
Sr	print general registers
Sf	print floating registers
Sb	print all breakpoints
Sa	print ALGOL 68 stack backtrace
Sc	print C stack backtrace
SC	print C stack backtrace and automatic variables
Se	print external variables
Sw	set page width; default 80
Ss	set symbol match limit to addr. default 255
So	input base is octal
Sd	reset input base
Sq	exit
Sv	print adb variables in octal
Sm	print address map
:b[c]	set breakpoint; execute breakpoint c - 1 times
:d	delete breakpoint
:r [args]	run objfil with args
:c[s]	continue subprocess with signal s; default previous
:s[s]	single step subprocess with signal s; default previous
:k	kill subprocess

Printing Formats

[n]c... where n is a repeat count for format

c chosen from the following:

(* indicates capital c used for field twice as long)

((n) is temporary increment of dot)

o	print in octal * (2)
q	print in signed octal * (2)
d	print in decimal * (2)
x	print in hexadecimal * (2)
u	print unsigned decimal * (2)

f point floating point * (4)
 c print character (0)
 C print character using @ as escape char (1)
 s print characters until 0 encountered (n)
 S print characters using @ as escape (n)
 b print byte in octal (1)
 Y print date format (4)
 i print PDP11 instruction (n)
 a print *dot* in symbolic form (0)
 / = data, ? = text, == = absolute
 p print in symbolic form (2)
 t print tab (0)
 r print a space (0)
 n print a newline (0)
 " print enclosed string (0)
 - decrement *dot* by current *incr*; print nothing
 + increment *dot* by 1; print nothing
 - decrement *dot* by 1; print nothing

Expressions

used for *addr* and *count*

.	value of <i>dot</i>
+	. + <i>incr</i>
-	. - <i>incr</i>
"	last <i>addr</i> typed
[0#]	integer number; 0 = octal, # = hexadecimal
<i>integer.fraction</i>	32 bit floating point number
'cccc'	up to 4 ascii characters
< <i>name</i>	value of <i>name</i> ; <i>name</i> as follows:
0	last value printed
1	last offset part of instr. source
2	previous value of 1
r0 ... r5 sp pc ps	registers
b	data segment base addr
d	data segment size
e	entry point
m	magic number
s	stack segment size
t	text segment size
symbol	value from symbol table in <i>objfil</i>
	initial _ or - will be added if needed
<i>routine.name</i>	variable <i>name</i> in C <i>routine</i>
(<i>exp</i>)	value of <i>exp</i>
* <i>exp</i>	contents of <i>corfil</i> at <i>exp</i>
@ <i>exp</i>	contents of <i>objfil</i> at <i>exp</i>
- <i>exp</i>	integer negation
~ <i>exp</i>	bitwise complement
<i>el op e2</i>	<i>op</i> one of { + - * % } (% = division)
<i>el & e2</i>	bitwise conjunction
<i>el e2</i>	bitwise disjunction
<i>el</i> # <i>e2</i>	<i>el</i> rounded up to multiple of <i>e2</i>

TROFF & NROFF

* — command causes a break (suppressed by ., see .c2).
() — initial value (*troff, nroff*); [] — value if no argument
F = R, I, B, S, G, C, P, etc.
point size = 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 28, 36
 $\pm N$ may be *N*, $+N$ (increment) or $-N$ (decrement)
 $-N$ may be *N* or $-N$
|*N* is distance to place *N* from current place

Scale Indicators - troff; nroff

<i>Ni</i>	inches	<i>N</i> *432; <i>N</i> *240
<i>Nc</i>	cm.	<i>N</i> *170; <i>N</i> *94
<i>Np</i>	points	<i>N</i> *6; <i>N</i> *3
<i>Nu</i>	units	<i>N</i> ; <i>N</i>
<i>Nm</i>	Ems	<i>N</i> *6* (point size); <i>N</i> * nominal character width
<i>Nn</i>	Ens	<i>N</i> *3* (point size); same as m
<i>NP</i>	Picas	<i>N</i> *72; <i>N</i> *40
<i>Nv</i>	spaces	<i>N</i> *current line spacing (see .vs)

Font and Character Size Control - troff only

.ps $\pm N$ point size (10) [previous]
.ss *N* space character size *N*/36m (12/36m) [ignored]
.cs *F N M* constant character spacing; *N*/36m *M*/36m
N is width; *M* is size of Em; no *N* turns cs off;
no *M* implies size dependent (off)
.bd *F N* embolden font by *N*-1 (off)
.bd **S** *F N* embolden special font when in font *F* (off)
.ft *F* font change (Roman) [previous]
.fp *N F* font position, 1 to 4 (R,I,B,S) [ignored]
.fz *F* $\pm N$ font *F* always in size *N*
.fz **S** *F* $\pm N$ special font in size *N* when in *F*

Page Control

.pl $\pm N$ page length (11 i) (0 i)
.bp $\pm N$ begin page; *N* is page number * (0)
.pn $\pm N$ page number (0) [ignored]
.po $\pm N$ page offset (26/27 i, 0) [previous]
.ne *N* need *N* vertical space (1v)
.mk *a* mark vertical place in register *a* (none) [internal]
.rt $-N$ return (upward) to vertical place, *N* from top;
— *N* relative to current place. (last marked place)

Text Filling, Adjusting, Centering, and Underlining

.br break *
.fi fill * (on)
.nf no filling & adjusting * (off)
.ad *c* adjust mode: n or b (both adjusted), r (right adjusted),
l (left adjusted), c (centered), m (centered)
.na no adjusting (off)
.mc *c N* specify margin character (left) (off)
.ce *N* center *N* input lines * (off) (0)
.ul *N* nroff underline alphanumeric; troff halfsize (0 line)
.cu *N* nroff continuous underline; troff halfsize (1 line)
.uf *F* underline font set to *F* (0) (0)

Vertical Spacing

.vs *N* vertical spacing; v (12p, 1/2i) [previous]
.ls *N* line spacing (1) [previous]
.sp $-N$ space vertically $-N$ * (0v)
.sv *N* save vertical distance (1v)
.os output saved vertical distance
.ns no space mode (off)
.rs restore spacing

Line Length and Indenting

.ll $\pm N$ line length (6.5i) [previous]
.in $\pm N$ indent * (0) [previous]

.ti $\pm N$ temporary indent * [ignored]

Macros, Diversion, and Line Traps

.de *xx yy* define macro; end at call of *yy* (*yy=.*) [ignored]
called by .*xx*
.am *xx yy* append to macro [ignored]
.ds *xx str* define string; invoked by **x* or *(*xx* [ignored]
.as *xx str* append to string [ignored]
.rn *xx yy* rename *xx* to *yy*
.rm *xx* remove string or macro [ignored]
.di *xx* divert output to macro [end]
.da *xx* divert and append to *xx* [end]
.wh $-N$ *xx* invoke *xx* when at or beyond place *N*:
 $-N$ means with respect to bottom of page
.ch *xx N* change line trap for *xx* to place *N*
.em *xx* end-macro name specification (none) [none]
.dt *N xx* set diversion trap [off]
.it *N xx* set input text line count trap [off]

Number Registers

.nr *a* $\pm N M$ number & increment register; called by \na, \n+a
 or \n-a
.nr *ab* $\pm N -M$ number register; called by \n(ab, \n(+ab
 or \n-(ab
.af *xx c* assign format to *xx*: I(1,2.), 001(001,002.), i(i,ii.), I(I,II.)
 a(a,b.), A(A,B.)
.rr *xx* remove register

Tabs, Leaders, and Fields

.ta *N [RC] ...* tab settings & types: +*N* = increment
 ((.5i ...), (.8i ...)) left justified) [none]
.tc *c* tab repetition character (none) [none]
.lc *c* leader repetition character (.) [none]
.fc *a b* set field delimiter & pad character (off) [off]

Input and Output Conversions & Character Translations

.ec *c* set escape character (\) [\]
.eo turn off escape processing (off) [off]
.lg *N* troff ligature mode: 0=off (on) [on]
.cc *c* basic control character (.) []
.c2 *c* nobreak control character (') [']
.li *N* accept input lines literally [1 line]
.tr *abcd...* translate on output; *a* to *b*... (none)

Hyphenation

.nh no hyphenation (off)
.hy *N* hyphenation: *N*=0(off), $\neq 0$ (on), =2(don't hyphenate
 last lines), =4(don't split off last 2 characters),
 =8(don't split off first 2 characters) (1)
.hc *c* hyphenation indicator character (\%) [\%]
.hw *wordl* ... hyphenation exception list

Three Part Titles

.tl 'l'c'r title
.lt *N* length of title (6.5i) [previous]
.pc *c* page number character (%) [off]

Output Line Numbering

.nm $\pm N M S I$ number mode on or off, set parameters [off]
.nn *n* don't number next *n* lines [1]

Conditional Input Line Acceptance

.if *c anything* if *c* true accept *anything*, *c*=e (even page number).
.if !*c anything* o (odd page number), t (troff), n (nroff) != not
.if *N anything* if *N* > 0 accept *anything*, *N* is a number register
.if !*N anything* != not
.if '*s1 s2' anything if *s1* = *s2*
.if '!*s1 s2' anything if *s1* != *s2*
.ie *c anything* same as .if but has else with it
.el *anything* else**

Input Switching

.so *filename* switch source file-push down
.nx *filename* next file [EOF on current file]
.pi *prog* *nroff* pipe output to *prog*
.rd *prompt* read insert from **stdin** [bell]
.ex exit

Miscellaneous

.ev *N* environment pushed down (0) [previous]
.mc *c N* right margin character (1m, .2i) [off]
.tm *string* typewriter message
.ig *yy* ignore until *yy* is called (*yy*=.)
.fl flush output buffer *
.pm *t* print macros; *t*=print only sum of sizes
.ab *str* print string & abort

Escape Sequences - Characters, Indicators, & Functions

\` prevent interpretation of
\e print current escape character
\` (acute accent); same as \aa
\` (grave accent); same as \ga
\- (minus)
_ : same as \ul
\` 1/6 m space character @ which in nroff
\` 1/12 m space character @ which in nroff
\` (space) unpaddable space
\& zero width character
\0 digit width space
\! transparent line indicator
\# beginning of comment
\% default optional hyphenation character
\| beginning of conditional input
\` end of conditional input
\\$ argument indicator: args 1..9
\` (xx character named xx
\` * string indicator: \`x, \`(xx
\` a leader character
\` b 'abc' bracket building function
\` c interrupt text processing
\` d forward (down) 1/2 m (troff) or line (nroff)
\` f font change function
\` h local horizontal motion function
\` k mark horizontal place
\` l draw horizontal line
\` L draw vertical line
\` n number register indicator: \`nx, \`nxx
\` o 'abc' overstrike function
\` p break and spread output line
\` r reverse 1m or line vertical motion
\` s point size change function
\` t non-interpreted horizontal tab
\` u reverse (up) 1/2 m or line
\` v local vertical motion function
\` w width function
\` x extra line-space function
\` z zero width character function
\` (newline) concealed newline

Reserved Registers

(r) = read only

.%	current page number
.\$	number of arguments available at macro level (r)
.A	1 if troff -a or nroff , 0 otherwise (r)
.H	available horizontal resolution (r)
.L	current line-spacing parameter (r)
.P	1 if current page being printed; 0 otherwise (r)
.T	1 if nroff -T , 0 otherwise (r)
.V	available vertical resolution (r)
.a	most recent post-line application of \x (r)
.c	input line number in current file (r)
.e	input line number in current file
.d	current vertical place in diversion (r)
.f	physical quadrant of current font (r)
.h	high-water mark of nl for text on current page (r)
.i	current indent (r)
.j	current adjustment mode and type (r)
.k	horizontal size of current output line (r)
.l	current line length (r)
.n	length of text on last output line (r)
.o	current page offset (r)
.p	current page length (r)
.s	current point size (r)
.t	distance to next trap (r)
.u	1 in fill mode; 0 innofill mode (r)
.v	current vertical line spacing (r)
.w	width of previous character (r)
.x	reserved version-dependent register (r)
.y	reserved version-dependent register (r)
.z	name of current diversion (r)
ct	character type
dl	width of last completed diversion
dn	height of last diversion
dw	current day of the week number
dy	current day of the month
hp	current horizontal place on input line
ln	output line number
mo	current month number
nl	current vertical place on the page
sb	depth of string below base line
st	height of string above base line
yr	last 2 digits of current year

TROFF SPECIAL CHARACTERS

.	\` close	fi	\(fi
\`	\` open	fl	\(fl
-	\`- minus	ff	\(ff
-	\`(em	ff	\(Fi
.	\`(hy or -	ff	\(Fl
•	\`(bu	o	\(de
□	\`(sq	t	\(dg
-	\`(ru	,	\(fm
¼	\`(14	c	\(ct
½	\`(12	s	\(rg
¾	\`(34	o	\(co
+ \`(pl	B \`(*B	x	\(mu
- \`(mi	G \`(*G	+	\(di
= \`(eq	D \`(*D	±	\(+ -
* \`(**	E \`(*E	U	\(cu
§ \`(sc	Z \`(*Z	U	\(ca
' \`(aa	H \`(*Y	U	\(sb
, \`(ga	H \`(*H	U	\(sp
\`(ui	I \`(*I	U	\(ib
/ \`(sl	K \`(*K	U	\(ip
α \`(*a	\` \`(*L	g	\(if
β \`(*b	M \`(*M	θ	\(pd
γ \`(*g	N \`(*N	▽	\(gr
δ \`(*d	Ξ \`(*C	¬	\(no
€ \`(*e	O \`(*O	∫	\(is
ζ \`(*z	II \`(*P	≈	\(pt
η \`(*y	P \`(*R	Ø	\(es
υ \`(*h	Σ \`(*S	ε	\(mo
ι \`(*i	T \`(*T	—	\(br
κ \`(*k	Y \`(*U	‡	\(dd
λ \`(*l	Φ \`(*F	■	\(rh
μ \`(*m	X \`(*X	■	\(lh
ν \`(*n	Ψ \`(*Q	Ⓐ	\(bs
ξ \`(*c	Ω \`(*W	—	\(or
ο \`(*o	ς \`(*sr	○	\(ci
π \`(*p	μ \`(*m	—	\(lt
ρ \`(*r	≥ \`(>=	—	\(lb
σ \`(*s	≤ \`(<=	—	\(rt
ς \`(*ts	≡ \`(==	—	\(rb
τ \`(*t	≈ \`(^=	—	\(lk
υ \`(*u	~ \`(ap	—	\(rk
φ \`(*f	≠ \`(!=	—	\(bv
χ \`(*x	— \`(>>	—	\(lf
ψ \`(*q	— \`(<-	—	\(rf
ω \`(*w	† \`(ua	—	\(lc
A \`(*A	‡ \`(da	—	\(rc

-ms Option for TROFF & NROFF

* — command causes a break; () — initial value
general calling order:

*paper-type, TL, author & other 1st page info, abstract,
heading-type, body, trailing info*

Format & Abstract

.TM x y z	BTL TM format: tm# case# file#
.EG	BTL Engineer's Notes format
.IM	BTL internal memorandum format
.MF	BTL Memorandum-for-File format
.MR	BTL Memorandum-for-Record format
.RP	released paper cover sheet
.TR x	BTL technical report format, report ≠
.TL	title follows *
.AU ad ex	authors names follow: address extension *

.AI authors institute follows (.MH, .HO, .WH, .IH, .PY)
.AB begin abstract *
.AE end of abstract *
.CS data cover sheet data *
#text #other total #fig #tab #ref
.OK other keywords follow *
.SG x signature line follows - for TM's : reference line *
.AT attachments
.CT copies to
.BT bottom title
.PT top title

Headings & Paragraphs

.PP	paragraph *
.IP <i>x y</i>	indented paragraph; hanging tag <i>x, y</i> ens indentation *
.RS	increment level of indent *
.RE	decrement level of indent *
.NH <i>n</i>	numbered headings in bold, <i>n</i> =level *
.LP	block paragraph (on) *
.SH	bold headings, no numbers *

Fonts, Sizes, & Emphasis

.fx	change fonts or print <i>x</i> in font; Bold , Italic
.R	restore font
.sz	size change; LG =larger, SM =smaller, NL =normal
.UL <i>x</i>	underline <i>x</i>
.TA <i>x</i> ...	set tabs in ens; default: 5 10 ...
.BX <i>x</i>	print <i>x</i> in a box

Footnotes

.FS start footnote
.FE end footnote
.UX UNIX trademark footnote
.US "the .UX operating system"

Displays, Tables, & Equations

.DS [CLIB] begin display; C=center, L=left adjust, I=indent,
 B=left-justified centered * [I]
 .DE end display *
 .CD long centered display *
 .LD long left adjusted display *
 .ID long indented display *
 .KS begin keep *
 .KE release keep *
 .KF keep floating *
 .B1 begin boxed text
 .B2 end boxed text
 .QS begin quoted text (indented, shorter)
 .QE end quoted text
 .QP begin single quoted paragraph
 .EQ [CLI] *n* begin equation: for CLI see DS, *n*=equation number
 .EN end equation *
 .TS *x* begin table: repeated heading if *x*=H
 .TE end table
 .TH end table heading section

Miscellaneous

.2C 2 column *
.1C 1 column (on) *
.DA [x] current date - on for nroff
.ND [date] change or cancel date - on for troff

Registers & Strings

CF center footer; string
CH center heading; string

CW	column width for 2C; register; (7/15 LL)
FL	footnote length; register; (11/12 LL)
FM	bottom margin; register; (1 in)
GW	intercolumn gap for 2C; register; (1/15 LL)
HM	top margin; register; (1 in)
LF	left footer; string
LH	left heading; string
LL	line length; register; (6 in)
LT	title length; register; (6 in)
PD	paragraph spacing; register; (.3 VS)
PI	paragraph indent; register; (5 ens)
PN	page number; string
PO	page offset; register; (26/27 in)
PS	point size; register; (10)
RF	right footer; string
RH	right heading; string
VS	line spacing; register; (12 pts)

EQN & NEQN KEYWORDS

sub, sup
over
sqrt
...from...to...
left c, right c
pile { ...above... }, lpile, cpile, rpile
dot, dotdot, hat, bar, tilde, under, vec, dyad
size n, gsize n
roman, italic, bold, font f, gfont f
delim
define, tdefine, undefine
mark, lineup
up, down, fwd, back
matrix, lcol, ccol, rcol, col
sum, int, integral, prod, union, inter
>=, <=, !=, ==, +-,->, <-, approx
sin, cos, tan, tanh, coth, sinh, cosh
for, if
arc, times, lim, max, min, log, ln, exp
prime, cdot, del, half
.....
uppercase and lowercase greek
infinity, inf, partial, grad

Other Symbols from /usr/pub/eqnchar

⊕	ciplus	⊖	oppE	↗	rangle
⊗	citimes	⊜	incl	ԡ	hbar
≈	=wig	∈	member	ԡ	
÷	=dot	∅	empty	▬	ppd
△	=del	∞	prop	▬	ang
*	bigstar	€	nomen	▬	rang
*	star	Å	angstrom	▬	< - >
∨	orsign	°	degree	↔	< = >
∧	andsign	≤	< wig	·	3dot
forall	oppA	~	wig	·	thf
¼	quarter	≈	- wig	○	cup
¾	¾quarter	≥	> wig	○	cap
□	square	◀	<	○○○○	subset
○	circle	▶	>	○○○○	'subset
■	blot	/	langle	○○○○	supset
●	bullet			○○○○	'supset

TBL

Options

center center table
expand expand to line length
box enclose in a box
allbox box all entries
doublebox enclose in two boxes
tab(*c*) change tab character to *c*
linesize(*n*) line thickness is *n*
delim(xx) forces eqn equations to be kept together

Formats

l left-adjusted column
r right-adjusted column
c centered column
n aligned number column
a left-adjusted subcolumn
d push vertical span to bottom
t push vertical span to top
v vertical spacing
s spanned heading
- vertically spanned heading
= horizontal line
| double horizontal line
b vertical line
i bold column
p*n* italic column
w(*n*) point size for column
n column width
e space between columns
. equal width columns
. end of format

Data

T{ ... T} text block
^ short horizontal line
^ above item spans downward to this row

—mm Option for TROFF & NROFF

[] — in macro definition, optional arg; otherwise, value if no arg
 () — initial value; {} — select one
 general order:

TL, author info, other cover-info, abstract, MT,
 body, trailing info

Format & Abstract

.MT ["012345"] document type; 0=""=no type, 1=mm for file.
 2=programmer's notes, 3=engineer's notes, 4=released paper,
 5=letter; must occur after all cover sheet info [1]
.ND *date* new date
.TL [*chg#*] [*file#*] title follows
.AF [*co-name*] alternate 1st page format
.AU *name* [*initl*] [*loc*] [*dept*] [*ext*] [*room*] [*arg*] ... author info
.TM [*number*] technical memorandum numbers
.AS [01] [*indent*] abstract start; 0=abstract on cover-sheet & 1st p
 1=abstract only on cover-sheet
.AE abstract end
.OK [*keyword* ...] other keywords
.SG [*initls*] [1] signature line
.NS ["0123456789"] notation start; ""=0=copy-to, 1=copy-with-att,
 2=copy-without-att, 3=att, 4=atts, 5=enc, 6=encs,
 7=sep-cov, 8=letter-to, 9=mm-to
.NE notation end

.CS [pgs] [other] [tot] [figs] [tbls] [ref]
.TC [slev] [spac] lev [tab] [head] ...
.TX user exit for table-of-contents

cover sheet
table-of-contents

Headings & Paragraphs

.P [01] paragraph; 0=left-justified, 1=indented [\n(Pt)]
.H {1234567} [h-text] numbered headings
.HU h-text unnumbered headings
.HM {1 0001 Aali} ... heading mark style; 1=arabic, 0001=arabic with leading 0's, A=upper case, a=lower case, I=upper roman, i=lower roman
.HX dlev rlev h-text user exit before headings
.HZ dlev rlev h-text user exit after headings

Lists

presence of last argument on start macros = no blank line between items

.AL [1Aali] [t-indent] [1] auto-incremented start [1 \n(Li)]
.BL [t-indent] [1] bullet start [\n(Pi)]
.DL [t-indent] [1] dash start; [\n(Pi)]
.ML mark [t-indent] [1] marked start; [mark-width+1]
.RL [t-indent] [1] reference start; [6]
.VL t-indent [m-indent] [1] variable-item start [0]
.LI [mark] [1] list item follows; 1=mark is prefix [current mark]
.LE [1] list end; arg=blank line output [no blank]
.LB t-indent m-indent pad type [mark] [01] [01] list begin
type: 1= . 2=) 3= () 4= [] 5=< > 6={ }
6th arg=blank before each item; 7th arg=blank before list
.LC [lev] clear list-status

Displays, Tables, Equations, & Footnotes

.DS [LIC CB] [01] start static display; L=no indent, I=indent, C=center each line, CB=center as a block; 0=no-fill, 1=[L 0]
.DF [LIC CB] [01] start floating display; args same as .DS
.DE end display
.FG [titl] [o-ride] [012] figure caption
0=prefix with o-ride, 1=suffix, 2=replace
.TS start table
.TE end table
.TB [titl] [o-ride] [012] table caption
.EQ [label] start equation display
.EN end equation
.EC [titl] [o-ride] [012] equation caption
.FS [lab] start footnote
.FE end footnote
.FD [arg] [1] default footnote format
arg is a decimal number < 12 created from bit definitions
with the following meanings (each defines 1 bit):
right-justified label; indented text; ragged right margin;
hyphenation on
2nd arg=reset footnote counter on 1st level heading

Page Headers & Footers

.PH 'left' 'center' 'right' page header ("page-number")
.OH 'left' 'center' 'right' odd-page header
.EH 'left' 'center' 'right' even-page header
.PF 'left' 'center' 'right' page footer
.OF odd-page footer
.EF even-page footer
.BS bottom-block start
.BE bottom-block end
.PX user exit for page-header
.TP top of page macro

Miscellaneous

.B [arg] [prev-font-arg]	bold
.I [arg] [prev-font-arg]	italic
.R	return to regular font
.SP [lines]	skip vertically
.SK [pages]	skip pages (next page)
.OP	odd-numbered page start
.2C	two-column
.1C	one-column
.SA [a]	set right-margin justification
.HS c	set hyphenation character
.S ±N	set point size; vertical spacing = point size + 2 (10) [previous]

Registers & Strings

Au	inhibit author info on 1st page (1)
BU	bullet string
Cl	contents level (2)
Ds	static display pre & post space; (on)
DT	current date string
Ec	equation counter
Ej	if 1, begin 1st level headings at top of page (0)
F	footnote numberer string
Fg	figure counter
Fs	footnote separation (1)
H1 ... H7	heading counters
Hb	heading level above which there's a break (2)
Hc	heading level below which heading is centered (0)
Hi	for stand alone headings; 0=left-justify, 1=indent by Pt. 2=line-up with heading (1)
Hs	heading level below which blank line added (2)
Ht	heading type; 0=concatenated nums, 1=single nums; (0)
Hu	heading level for unnumbered heading
Hy	hyphenation control (1)
HF	heading level font string; 1=roman, 2=italic, 3:bold (3322222)
HP	heading level point size
Li	list indent (5)
Ls	list spacing between items (6)
Pi	value of paragraph indent (5)
Pt	paragraph type (2)
Si	display indent (5)
Tb	table counter

C SYSTEM CALLS

variables with no declarations are int

access(file, mode) check mode access of file
char *file; mode = 4(read), 2(write), 1(execute)

alarm(seconds) receive alarm signal
unsigned seconds;

char *brk(addr) set lowest location to *addr*

chdir(dirname) change working directory
char *dirname;

chmod(name, mode) change mode of file
char *name; (for mode see chmod p. 5)

close(fildes) close a file

creat(name, mode) creat a new file
char *name; (for mode see chmod p. 5)

dup(fildes) duplicate an open file descriptor

dup2(fildes, fildes2) integer *fildes2* set to refer to *fildes*

execl(name, arg0, arg1, ..., argn, 0) execute a file
char *name, *arg0, *arg1, ..., *argn;

execv(name, argv) execute a file
char *name, *argv[];

execle(name, arg0, arg1, ..., argn, 0, envp); execute a file
char *name, *arg0, *arg1, ..., *argn, *envp[]; with an environment

execve(name, argv, envp); execute a file with an environment
char *name, *argv[], *envp[];

exit(status) terminate process

fork() spawn new process

fstat(fildes, buf) get status of open file
struct stat *buf

getpid() get process id

getuid() get real user ID

geteuid() get effective user ID

getgid() get real group ID

getegid() get effective group ID

gtty(fildes, argp) get typewriter status

struct sgttyb *argp; include file sgtty.h

kill(pid, sig) send signal to process; see kill p. 8

link(oldname, newname) link to a file

char *oldname, *newname;

long lseek(fildes, offset, whence) move read/write pointer
long offset; whence 0(offset), 1(+offset), 2(end - offset)

mount(special, name, rwflag) mount file system
char *special, *name;

nice(incr) lower program priority: 0 < incr <= 20 (least)

open(name, mode) open for reading(0), writing(1), or both(2)

pause() wait indefinitely (or for alarm)

pkoff(fildes) turn off packet driver

pkon(fildes, size) turn on packet driver: 32 ≤ size ≤ 4096

pipe(fildes) create an interprocess channel

int fildes[2]; read[0], write[1]

profil(buff, bufsiz, offset, scale) execute time profile
char *buff;

ptrace(request, pid, addr, data) process trace

int *addr: request has the following meanings.

0 process to be traced by parent

1,2 return value at *addr* in child; for separate I&D

1=I space, 2=D space

3 returns value at *addr* in system's per-process data space

4,5 *data* is written at *addr*. 4=I space, 5=D space

6 *data* is written at *addr* in system's per-process
 data space
 7 continue child at *addr* with signal *data*.
data = (int *)1 means continue from where stopped
 8 terminates traced process
 9 continue as 7 but stop with SIGTRAP as soon as possible
read(fildes, buffer, nbytes) read from file
 char *buffer;
char *sbrk(iner) add to data space
setgid(gid) set process group id
setuid(uid) set process user id
(*signal(sig, func))() catch or ignore signals; see **kill** p. 8
(*func)(); func=SIG_DFL default, SIG_IGN ignore
 must include **signal.h**
stat(name, buf) get file status
 char *name; must include **sys/types.h sys/stat.h**
struct stat *buf;
sync() update super-block
stty(fildes, argp) set typewriter modes
struct sgttyb *argp; must include **sgtty.h**
long time(0); get date and time since 00:00:00 GMT, Jan. 1, 1970
long time(tloc) store date and time in *tloc*
long *tloc;
ftime(tp) store data and time in *tp*
struct timeb *tp; must include **sys/types.h sys/timeb.h**
times(buffer) get process times
struct tbuffer {
 long proc_user_time;
 long proc_sys_time;
 long child_user_time;
 long child_sys_time;
} *buffer;
umount(special) remove file system
 char *special;
umask(complmode) set file creation mode mask
 (for *complmode* see **chmod** p. 5)
unlink(name) remove directory entry
 char *name;
utime(file, timep) set file times
 char *file; must include **sys/types.h**
 time_t timep[2];
wait(status) wait for process to terminate
 int *status;
write(fildes, buffer, nbytes) write on a file
 char *buffer;

C STUDIO ROUTINES

#include <stdio.h> include file for definitions

In the following routines variables must be declared as:
FILE *stream;

char *type; where "r" = read, "w" = write, "a" = append
char *filename;
char *format;
char *s;
char c;

all other variables are **int** unless otherwise specified

clearerr(stream) resets error indication

fclose(stream) flush and close **stream**

FILE *fdopen(fildes, type) returns stream associated with **fildes**

feof(stream) returns non-zero on EOF
ferror(stream) returns non-zero on read/write error
flush(stream) flush stream
int fgetc(stream) function like macro **getc**
char *fgets(s, n, stream) returns **n-1** characters in **s**
fileno(stream) returns integer file descriptor
FILE *fopen(filename, type) open a stream
sprintf(stream, format [, arg ...]) output to **stream**
 see **printf** for form of **format**
fputc(c,stream) function like macro **putc**
fputs(s,stream) output a string
fread(ptr, sizeof(*ptr), nitems, stream) read
FILE *freopen(filename, type, stream) use **filename** for open **stream**
fscanf(stream, format [, pointer ...]) input and convert
 format is of the form:
 $\%[*][fw]c$
 where * suppresses assignment and **c** is one of
 {cdDefoOssX} optionally preceded by l as in **printf**
 or l ... l where characters are input until
 the first one not between the brackets or [...] where
 characters are input until the first one between the brackets
fseek(stream, offset, ptrname) **ptrname**=0(beginning),
 long **offset**; 1(current place), 2(end)
long ftell(stream) returns current offset
fwrite(ptr, sizeof(*ptr), nitems, stream) write
int getc(stream) returns next character: EOF on EOF or error
int getchar() returns next character from **stdin**
char *gets(s) returns string from **stdin** in **s**
int getw(stream) returns next word
pclose(stream) to close stream opened with **popen**
FILE *popen(command, type) create a pipe
 char *command, *type;
printf(format [, arg ...]) output to **stdout**
 format consists of characters and conversion
 specifications of the form:
 $\%[-][fw.[d]c$
 where - specifies left adjustment; fw. field width,
 d. precision; and c may be
 [1]d decimal (l or D = long)
 [1]o octal (l or O = long)
 [1]x hexadecimal (l or X = long)
 [1]u unsigned integer (l or U = long)
 f float of form [-]dd.ddd
 e float of form [-]d.dde±dd
 g float using minimum space(d, f, or e)
 c character
 s string
 % escape %
rewind(stream) rewind
int putc(c, stream) output a character
putchar(c) output a character to **stdout**
putw(w,stream) output a word
puts(s) output string to **stdout**
scanf(format [, pointer ...]) read **stdin** and convert
 see **fscanf** for form of **format**
setbuf(stream, buf) buffer i/o in **buf**
 char **buf[BUFSIZ];**
sprintf(s,format [, arg...]) output to string **s**
 see **printf** for form of **format**
sscanf(s,format [, pointer...]) read from string **s** and convert
 see **fscanf** for form of **format**

ungetc(c, stream) push c back on input stream

C LIBRARY ROUTINES

```
#include <math.h> include file for math functions
double x, y;      declaration for x & y in math functions

abs(i)      absolute value of i
double acos(x) arc cosine function; range 0 to  $\pi$ 
double asin(x) arc sin function; range  $-\pi/2$  to  $\pi/2$ 
double atan(x) arc tangent function; range  $-\pi/2$  to  $\pi/2$ 
double atan2(x,y) arc tangent of x/y, range  $-\pi$  to  $\pi$ 
double atof(nptr) converts ascii to float
char *nptr;
atoi(nptr) converts ascii to integer
char *nptr;
long atol(nptr) converts ascii to long integer
char *nptr;
double cos(x) cosine function
double cosh(x) hyperbolic function
char *ctime(clock) converts time to ascii
long *clock;
char *ecvt(value, ndigit, decpt, sign) converts value to ascii
double value;
int ndigit, *decpt, *sign;
double exp(x) exponential function
char *getenv(name) search environment for name
char *name;      returns NULL for not found; value for found
double log(x) natural log function
double log10(x) log function base 10
char *malloc(size) memory allocation
unsigned size;   release with free(ptr)
char *realloc(ptr, size) change block size or compact
char *calloc(nelem, elsize) allocate & clear array space
unsigned nelem, elsize;
char *mktemp(template) make unique file name
char *template; template of form nameXXXXXX
 perror(s) print s: last error from system call
char *s;
double pow(x,y) power function; returns  $x^y$ 
qsort(base, num_elts, width, compar) quicksort
char *base;
int (*compar)();
rand() random number generator; initialized with  srand(seed)
double sin(x) sine function.
double sinh(x) hyperbolic function
sleep(seconds) suspend execution
unsigned seconds;
double sqrt(x) square root function
system(string) sends string to system for execution
char *string;
double tan(x) tangent function
double tanh(x) hyperbolic function
```

SOURCES

1. Bell Laboratories, *UNIX™ TIME-SHARING SYSTEM: UNIX PROGRAMMER's MANUAL*, Seventh Edition, Vol. 1 & 2 (January 1979).
2. D. W. Smith, J. R. Mashey, *PWB/MM Programmer's Workbench Memorandum Macros*, (October 1977).

ASCII

000 nul	001 soh	002 stx	003 etx	004 eot	005 enq	006 ack	007 bel
010 bs	011 ht	012 nl	013 vt	014 np	015 cr	016 so	017 si
020 dle	021 dcl	022 dc2	023 dc3	024 dc4	025 nak	026 syn	027 etb
030 can	031 em	032 sub	033 esc	034 fs	035 gs	036 rs	037 us
040 sp	041)	042 "	043 #	044 \$	045 %	046 &	047 /
050 {	051)	052 *	053 +	054 ^	055 -	056 =	057 ?
060 0	061 1	062 2	063 3	064 4	065 5	066 6	067 7
070 8	071 9	072 :	073 ;	074 <	075 =	076 >	077 ?
100 @	101 ^	102 `	103 `	104 D	105 E	106 F	107 G
110 H	111 I	112 J	113 K	114 L	115 M	116 N	117 O
120 P	121 Q	122 R	123 S	124 T	125 U	126 V	127 W
130 X	131 Y	132 Z	133 _	134 -	135 `	136 ~	137 -
140 h	141 i	142 b	143 c	144 d	145 e	146 f	147 g
150 p	151 r	152 j	153 k	154 l	155 m	156 n	157 o
160 x	161 q	162 r	163 s	164 t	165 u	166 v	167 w
170	171	172 z	173 {	174 }	175 }	176 }	177 del



Bell Laboratories