## History of Rutherford's 195s

Installed in November 1971 in the R1 building, the 360/195 represented an increase in power of six times that of it predecessor, the 360/75. It cost 3,000,000 pounds, was top of IBM's 360 range and was designed specifically for the science and engineering community.

The hardware was commissioned and accepted in 15 days – a remarkable feat for those days.

The machine mainly provided a batch service, but also supported an ever-increasing terminal system (ELECTRIC) and remote job entry network

With demand for computing continuing to rise, a second 195 was installed in the Atlas Centre during 1976 and the original 195 moved to join it.

The operating system that controlled the machines was OS/MVT supplemented by a coupled HASP as the spooling system.

The few statistics shown on the previous page show the number of jobs processed on the machine and their notional value.

So ends an era of a splendid computing engine: undoubtedly unique in its time.

An invitation to the
Rutherford Appleton Laboratory
of the
Science and Engineering Research Council
for the

## CLOSING CEREMONY of the I B M 360/195 computer

by W. Walkinshaw on **Thursday 21st October 1982** at 18.45 in the Atlas Centre

## PROGRAMME

onwards COFFEE AVAILABLE

CLOSING DOWN CEREMONY

Dr. G. MANNING - Director RAL

Mr. D. J. LIVERMORE - IBM sales about the 195 series director - will speak

Dr. R. TAYLOR will run the last program

Mr. W. WALKINSHAW will switch off the machine

BUFFET MEAL

Others

## STATISTICS

Processing on 195/1 started at 17.48 on 16 November 1971 All the statistics refer to the combined labours of both 195s

Total CPU time Total cost of jobs Total jobs run (at prevailing Government Rate) 24,569,383 pounds 6,738,168 jobs 79,945.89 hours

Breakdown by SERC Board

Board CPU Usage (hours) (number)

ENG ASR 3871.25 ( 4.8%) 540,908 (8.0%)

Science 12114.35 (15.2%) 55004.09 (68.8%) 3,398,371 (50.5%) 5020.41 (6.3%) 1,806,996 (26.8%) 3935.79 ( 4.9%) 776,452 (11.5%) 215,441 (3.2%)